

*Your German
Hoppportunity!*



MALTERIE DU CHATEAU/CASTLE MALTING S.A
Route de Wallonie 4A
7011 Ghlin (Mons)
-Belgium-

January 2023

CERTIFICATION allergens and radioactivity

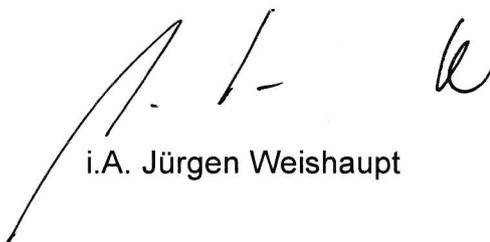
We hereby certify that the hop products we supply to Castle Malting **DO NOT** contain (or have been by any way known to us in contact with) any of the ingredients listed below, for this reason it is not necessary to include any mention of this product or some of its ingredients in the labels of beer in reference to the allergenic products, in accordance with the Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011.

Radioactivity: Hops are neither irradiated nor are hops in contact with other sources of radiation other than the normal exposition to the environment.

The hop region is not in a radioactive danger zone. There are no deposits or nuclear power stations nearby. Regular screenings have never shown values over the limit of 3 Bq/Kg for Nucleotides of Cs 134 and Cs 137.

Radioactivity hazards can be excluded

With kind regards
HVG office Tettngang



i.A. Jürgen Weishaupt

SUBSTANCES OR PRODUCTS CAUSING ALLERGIES OR INTOLERANCES		
1.	Cereals containing gluten, namely: wheat, rye, barley, oats, spelt, kamut or their hybridised strains, and products thereof, except:	
	(a)	wheat based glucose syrups including dextrose (1);
	(b)	wheat based maltodextrins (1);
	(c)	glucose syrups based on barley;
	(d)	cereals used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;
2.	Crustaceans and products thereof;	
3.	Eggs and products thereof;	
4.	Fish and products thereof, except:	
	(a)	fish gelatine used as carrier for vitamin or carotenoid preparations;
	(b)	fish gelatine or Isinglass used as fining agent in beer and wine;
5.	Peanuts and products thereof;	
6.	Soybeans and products thereof, except:	
	(a)	fully refined soybean oil and fat (1);
	(b)	natural mixed tocopherols (E306), natural D-alpha tocopherol, natural D-alpha tocopherol acetate, and natural D-alpha tocopherol succinate from soybean sources;
	(c)	vegetable oils derived phytosterols and phytosterol esters from soybean sources;
	(d)	plant stanol ester produced from vegetable oil sterols from soybean sources;
7.	Milk and products thereof (including lactose), except:	
	(a)	whely used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;
	(b)	lactitol;
8.	Nuts, namely: almonds (<i>Amygdalus communis</i> L.), hazelnuts (<i>Corylus avellana</i>), walnuts (<i>Juglans regia</i>), cashews (<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>), pecan nuts (<i>Carya illinoensis</i> (Wangenh.) K. Koch), Brazil nuts (<i>Bertholletia excelsa</i>), pistachio nuts (<i>Pistacia vera</i>), macadamia or Queensland nuts (<i>Macadamia ternifolia</i>), and products thereof, except for nuts used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;	
9.	Celery and products thereof;	
10.	Mustard and products thereof;	
11.	Sesame seeds and products thereof;	
12.	Sulphur dioxide and sulphites at concentrations of more than 10 mg/kg or 10 mg/litre in terms of the total SO ₂ which are to be calculated for products as proposed ready for consumption or as reconstituted according to the instructions of the manufacturers;	
13.	Lupin and products thereof;	
14.	Molluscs and products thereof.	